

## Fig. S2

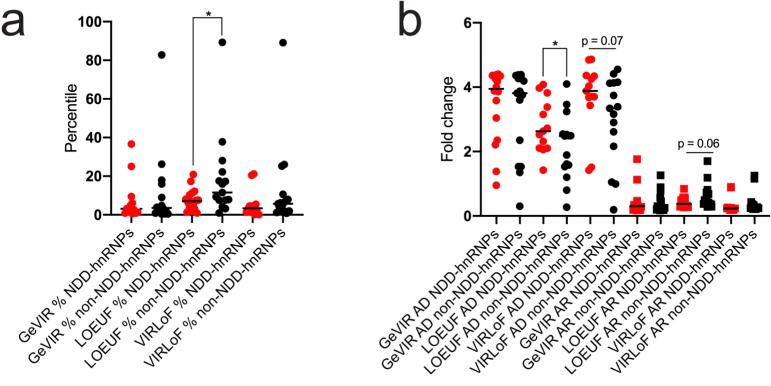
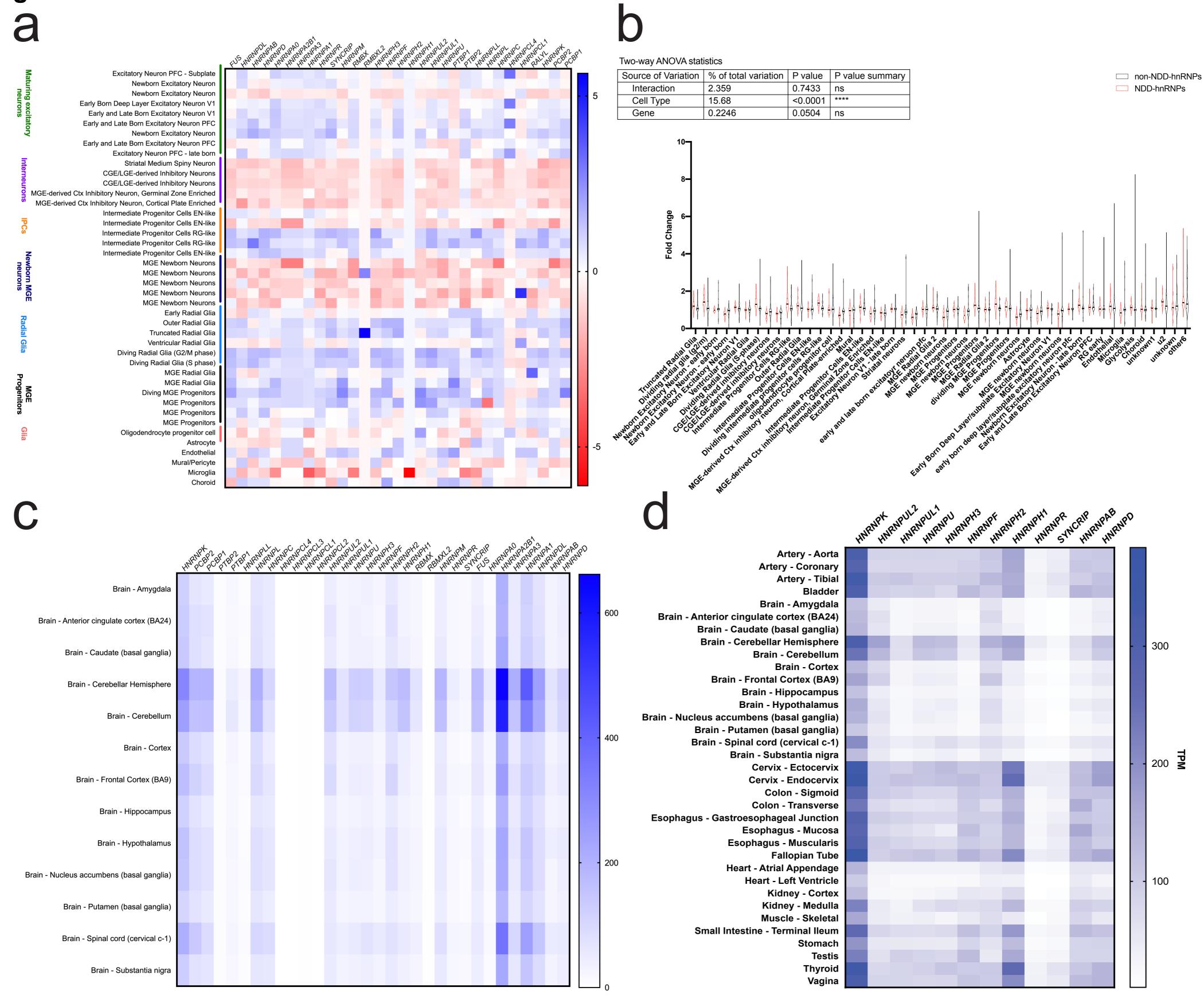


Fig. S3



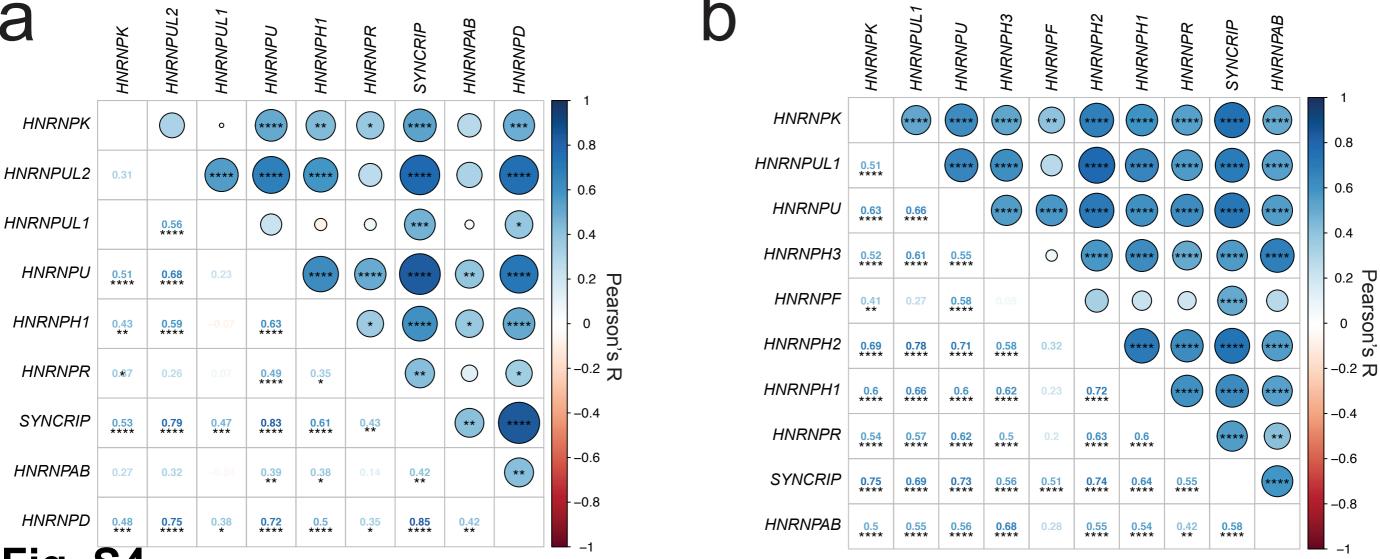


Fig. S4



Fig. S6

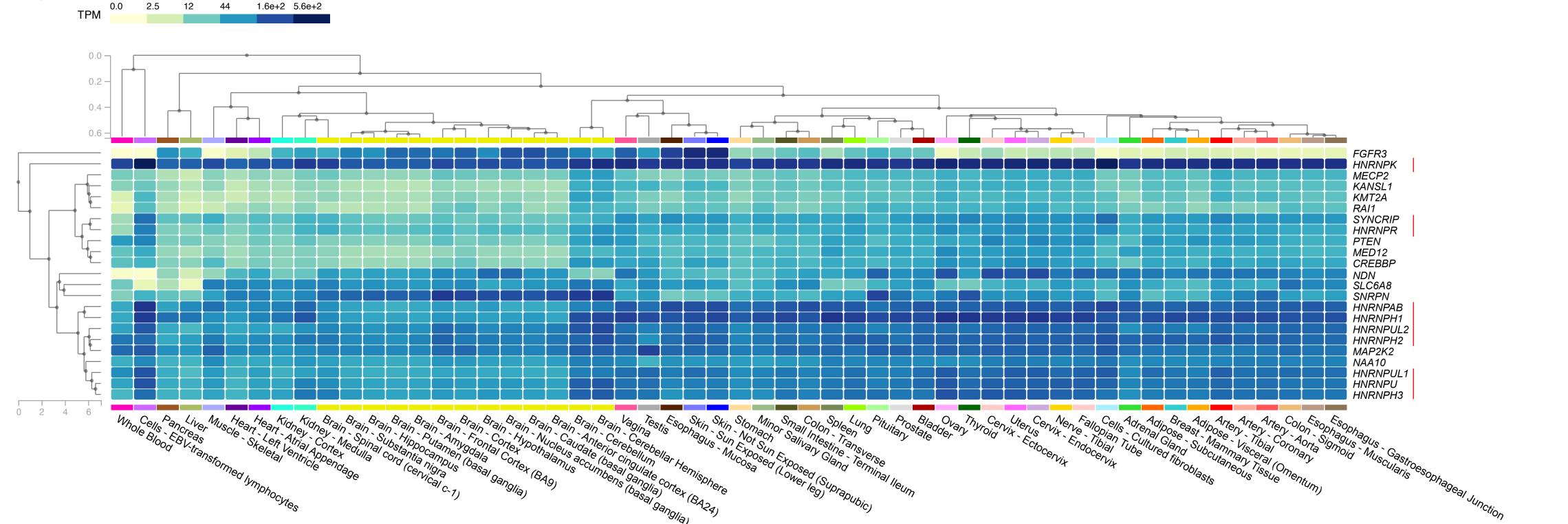


Fig. S1. Dendrogram of hnRNPs based on multiple sequence alignment of canonical amino acid sequences. Colors match those seen in Figure 2. NDD hnRNPs are shown in black boxes.

Fig. S2. Pathogenicity assessment of variation in hnRNPs. A) Gene Variation Intolerance Ranking (GeVIR), loss-of-function observed/expected upper bound fraction (LOEUF), and Variation Intolerant Region Loss-of-Function (VIRLoF) percentiles. Average LOEUF percentile is significantly higher for NDD *HNRNP*s (n = 13) compared to other *HNRNP*s (n = 15). B) Average fold change for GeVIR, LEOUF, and VIRLoF for autosomal dominant (AD) and autosomal recessive (AR) variants. Average LEOUF fold change for AD mutations is significantly higher for NDD *HNRNP*s compared to other *HNRNP*s, with the AD VIRLoF fold change trending in the same direction. The AR LEOUF fold change is trending towards being significantly higher among other *HNRNP*s compared to NDD *HNRNP*s. One-way t-test. \* p <0.05

Fig. S3. Expression of *HNRNP*s among adult tissues and the developing human cortex. A) Heatmap of all *HNRNP* expression in developing cortex tissues.

B) Comparison of fold expression of NDD *HNRNP*s to non-NDD *HNRNP*s. C) Heatmap of all *HNRNP* expression (transcript level expression) in adult brain tissues from GTEx.

D) Heatmap of NDD *HNRNP* expression (transcript level expression) in all tissues from GTEx.

Fig. S4. Phenotypic correlations for LGD and missense variant probands.

A) Correlation matrix of phenotypes across *HNRNP* probands with LGD variation (genes with only missense variation excluded) and B) severe missense variation (genes with only LGD variation excluded. \* p < 0.05; \*\* p < 0.01; \*\*\* p < 0.001; \*\*\*\* p < 0.0001.

Fig. S5. Phenotypic comparisons between LGD and missense variants by HNRNP.

Fig. S6. GTEx expression of NDD *HNRNP*s and genes associated with similarly presenting disorders.